BLUEBEARD NO FICTION.

Scientists Say That He Was An Actual Personage—Was a French Nobleman—Lived Near Nantes More Than Three Centuries Ago—Finally Executed for His Crimes—He Murdered No Fewer Than One Hundred and Forty Persons—A Criminal Monster Who Held the Baton of a Marshal.

Everybody has read about Bluebeard, and, having relinquished the confidence of childhood in fairy tales, has set him down as a figment of imagination. Nothing could be more unjust. A Smithsonian scientist, Colonel Thomas Wilson, has investigated him, and has found out that he was a real personage. His authentic history has thus been raked up out of what might have been oblivion, and it is proved with a fair degree of certainty that he was even worse than he was painted in the blood-curdling romance of Perrault.

To get at the facts of the case, Colonel Wilson recently visited the French city of Nantes, where the records of the veritable "Barbe Bleu" are officially filed. Skeptical at the start, he was surprised to find that the inhabitants of the town were well acquainted with the history of the criminally-disposed original of the storied monster. They showed him the chateau wherein he was imprisoned; they pointed out the cathedral which was the residence of the bishop who presided at the ecclesiastical tribunal by which he was tried; they indicated the place where he was condemned to death by a civil court, and finally they took him to the spot where Bluebeard was executed.

There was no proof of facts in these allegations; so Colonel Wilson started in to look up the evidence. He would not have got far if it had not been for good luck. It happened that a certain Abbe Boussard had newly written, as a prize essay, a translation into every-day Latin of the almost undecipherable Latin records of the Bluebeard case, preserved at Nantes in the archives of the Department of the Loire Inferieure. No ordinary scholar could have construed the archaic text; but, thanks to this assistance, Colonel Wilson was enabled to peruse the documents intelligently.

What the documents revealed was startling enough. They told the tale of the real Bluebeard—a human fiend, compared with whom the "Barbe Bleu" of the French romancer was almost mild and amiable. His true name was Gilles de Retz, and he lived about two hundred and fifty years before the time of Perrault, the story-teller. Be it understood that his identity must not be confounded with that of the Cardinal de Retz, who lived two hundred years later, and was imprisoned in the same Chateau de Nantes. His family was a great one, and was allied with many of the noblest of Brittany. The famous warrior, Bertrand du Guesclin, was a collateral ancestor of his.

Gilles de Retz was one of the most fortunate men of his time. He inherited numerous chateaux and estates, together with immense sums in ready cash. In fact, there was scarcely any nobleman of Brittany richer or more powerful than he. His father died early; his mother married again, and he was placed under the guardianship of his maternal grandfather, Jean de Craon. This Jean de Craon, by the way, was a descendant of the nobleman of the same name who suddenly encountered Charles V. in the forest, and, being himself esteemed a madman, predicted for that monarch such dire woe that the latter became insane on the spot and never recovered.

Jean de Craon married his grandson, Gilles de Retz, to a very charming young woman, whose name was Catherine de Thouars. She brought to him several valuable estates, and among them the Chateau de Machecoul, where he afterwards lived and where many of his horrible crimes were committed. The chateau was situated not far from Nantes. Perhaps the most interesting element in the whole narrative is the contradiction expressed by the life of this man, who was first a loving husband and finally a fiend; who was the bravest of the brave, and yet a coward of superstition; who was a patriot, and yet could murder innocent children wholesale, and apparently without remorse.

The old man, Jean de Craon, was a gallant fighter, and he took his grandson with him in his campaigns. When Gilles was only sixteen years old the two took their seats together in the great military council at Vannes. Those were troubulous days for Europe, when England was trying to wipe France out of existence, and the Hundred-Years' War was in full swing. From 1420 to 1424 the grandfather and grandson fought side by side. In 1424 came a meteor across France—Joan of Arc, who landed at Orleans, not far from the residence of Gilles de Retz. Gilles himself became captain of Joan's own guard, and did duty as her escort through the siege of Orleans and on the march to Rheims, where the king was to be crowned.

On the occasion of the coronation the baton of a marshal of France was bestowed upon de Retz. History tells of the events which followed, culminating in the trial and execution of the heroic Joan. Gilles went back to his estates in Brittany, and, so far as it known, he lived a peaceful and happy life, with his wife and daughter. Unfortunately, his nature was a restless one, and his fondness for display excessive. Though his fortune was immense his expenditures greatly exceeded his income. Foremost in rank among the nobles of his province, he considered it necessary to outshine all rivals.

At the same time he took up many fads that were as costly as they were bizarre. About the year 1432 he became infatuated with the theater, and maintained out of his own purse an entire troupe of actors, who performed on such occasions as he pleased at Orleans, at Nantes, at Vannes, or at Rennes. He besought the Pope to permit the establishment of a priest with the authority of bishop in his chateau. This petition was denied; nevertheless he maintained a chapel with all the paraphernalia of a bishop. Religious superstition was firmly grounded in the man's character, as will be seen later on. It was at about this period that he became enamored of the science of chemistry, through the aid of which he hoped to discover a means of converting base metals into gold. Success in the enterprise, he expected, would relieve him of his financial embarrassments.

With this end in view he brought from Italy two unfrocked priests who had gained fame as alchemists. The more renowned of the pair was one Francois Prelati. Over the credulous and superstition-haunted mind of De Retz these clever charlatans gained complete influence, and doubtless they egged him on to the crimes which were to make his name a byword of horror to generations yet unborn. They made him believe that they had intimate relations with the devil, and among the papers preserved in the archives at Nantes are a number of written agreements with his Satanic Majesty signed in their own blood by Gilles and his ingenious advisers. At length they induced him to think that he was independent of all law, human or divine, and in this notion he was persuaded to enter upon a veritable saturnalia of crime.

The clerical fakirs assured him that indispensable ingredients of the chemical mixture required were the blood and heart of a human being who had never had an impure thought. It was to satisfy this requirement that a regular system of abduction was inaugurated, agents being employed to steal children in the neighborhood and fetch them to the castle. Those were days when the disappearance of a child did not make such a disturbance as now. There was no police system; robbers and cut-throats roamed abroad, and there were wolves in the forests. Nobody was likely to suspect the first nobleman in Brittany of such crimes. Thus it is not so very surprising that the business of kidnapping and murder should have been carried on by De Retz and his associates for a period of eight years.

As subsequently appeared from the confessions of the guilty men, the children were killed in every way that imagination could suggest. Shut up in stone-walled rooms, where their appeals for mercy and cries of agony could be heard by nobody save their diabolical captors, they were subjected to inconceivable tortures. Some of them, finally, were torn limb from limb and burned. Their entrails were gloatingly inspected by the fiends—but it is impossible to go further; many of the acts to which de Retz and his confederates afterwards confessed are wholly indescribable in print. They merely afford an illustration of the possibilities of perversion of the human moral sense—the conditions under which a man is transformed into a beast infinitely more ferocious and pitiless than any wild animal.

The time came at length when certain rumors induced the bishop of Nantes to set on foot an investigation, which traced the mysterious abductions to the chateau of de Retz. He was arrested, in September, 1440, and thrown into prison at Nantes, together with the two priests. An ecclesiastical court was organized to try him, charges being preferred on forty-one articles of information. He was accused of practicing magic and of other offenses, including murder. The accused refused to plead, declaring that the tribunal had no jurisdiction in his case. This attitude he steadfastly preserved until a decree of excommunication was issued against him. Then he broke down utterly; for while careless as to the safety of his body, he believed that the decree would consign his soul to eternal perdition.

A civil trial followed, the prosecutor alleging against the defendant no fewer than one hundred and forty abductions and murders within eight years. Conviction and sentence promptly followed. De Retz confessed, as did also the two priests. When pressed for minute details, he said: "You torment me needlessly. I have already owned to enough crimes to send a thousand men to the scaffold. Why trouble me more?" He was condemned to be burned alive, with two of his criminal assistants. These, however, were not the priests, both of whom escaped punishment through clerical influence.

De Retz sent three last requests to the bishop of Nantes. The first of these was that the decree of excommunication issued against him might be revoked. The second was that he might be killed before being burned; and the third petition was that his ashes might be gathered and interred in holy ground. All these prayers were granted. His neck was broken by hanging in time enough to save him from the pain of the flames which started to consume the pyre of wood beneath his suspended body. His ashes were buried in a churchyard, while those of his two assistants, already mentioned, were thrown into the Loire.—Rene Bache in the Hartford Times.

WILL GO NEXT TUESDAY.

"Haying Time" is No Terror to the Determined Selectmen.

The board of selectmen will make another attempt next Tuesday morning to perambulate the line between the towns of East Haven and New Haven. When the matter was brought up in the meeting last evening Selectman Ludington, remembering the difficulties attending the former attempts to take this much discussed walk, said: "Gentlemen, it is 'haying time.'"

The series of mishaps attending these contemplated walks is familiar to all. The selectmen, however, are determined this time. Captain Ludington's facetious remarks about "haying time" did not have any effect on them last evening, when each man pledged himself to be at the corner of the three towns of East Haven, North Haven and New Haven at 8 o'clock next Tuesday morning.

BOTH KNEES BROKEN.

Plitkin's Joke Results Seriously—He is Arrested for Assaulting Morris Glickstein.

Nathan Plitkin, a young man about twenty-four years old, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Detective Sergeant Henry Cowles charged with assaulting Morris Glickstein, a young man living in Westville, last Sunday.

Plitkin says that his arrest is the result of what he calls a practical joke, and all happened because he could not resist the temptation to perpetrate it upon Glickstein, who was enjoying an afternoon spin on his wheel when he came upon a crowd of young men waiting for a Fair Haven and Westville car.

Plitkin was of the number, and it occurred to him it would be a great joke to lay hold upon the handle bars of Glockstein's wheel. The rider was thrown against the car and severely injured. He was taken to his home. Dr. Bernstein was called and it was found that Glickstein's knees were broken.

There were also indications of internal injuries.

Later in the evening complaint of the occurrence was made to Assistant City Attorney Bristol, who issued a warrant.

As the name of the man who committed the deed was unknown to the attorney, John Doe was called up to be accused. The warrant was placed in the hands of the detective, as well as the description of the man wanted. Plitkin was arrested yesterday on Grand avenue and taken to police headquarters, where he awaits trial. Plitkin insists that he meant no harm to the cyclist.

GERMAN LUTHERAN SWINDLER.

Meriden, July 28.—The swindler who worked the German Lutherans here in the interest of a bogus orphanage at Mt. Auburn, N. Y., was arrested in Holyoke yesterday, but was let go on condition that he gave up the $18 he had collected. He gave his name as August Behrens.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by Millions of Mothers for their Children While Teething, with Perfect Success. It Soothes the Child, Softens the Gums, Allays all Pain; Cures Wind Colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle. s25 MWF&w

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Turnips.

Soft, Fall Kinds:
White Egg,
Long Cowhorn,
Yellow Aberdeen,
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Winter Varieties:
White French,
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FOR Transplanting:

CELERY.
White Plume,
Golden Heart,
Giant Pascal.

Late Cabbage.

Cauliflower.

Celery 50c per 100
Cabbage 35c per 100
Cauliflower 15c per doz

CHAS. WILSON & CO.,
42 Church Street, First National Bank Building,
Issue Policies of Insurance
FOR

Burglaries and Thefts.
Protection against loss of personal property in banks, stores, manufactories, dwellings, barns, etc., and of BICYCLES STOLEN.

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Protection against loss from fire and lightning.

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Protection against liability for accidental injury caused to employes.

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Protection against liability for accidental injury caused to any person.

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Protection against liability caused by elevator accidents.

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Protection against liability on account of accidents caused by the horses or vehicles of the Insured.

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Protection against loss from steam boiler explosions.

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Protection for the Insured against fatal or non-fatal accidents.

Plate Glass.
Protection against loss by breakage.

Tornado, Cyclone and Wind Storms.
Protection against loss from CYCLONES, TORNADOES and WIND STORMS.

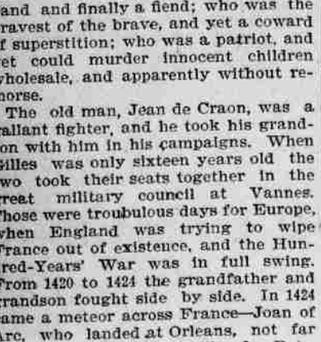
Fidelity Bonds, etc., etc.

KOAL.
I am now delivering Koal in bags and carried into the cellar direct from wagon. Avoid all dirt and buy of
W. F. GILBERT,
65 Church Street, opposite Postoffice. 89 to 91 Railroad Avenue



Mahoney Boilers, Steam and Hot Water
ARE
Self Contained, requiring no brick setting. Without Gaskets or Packing, and are thus always tight.
Have Vertical Water Ways, giving free circulation, Large Direct Fire Surface, using the radiant heat of the fire.
Thousands in use and all giving satisfaction.
SHEAHAN & GROARK,
Steam Fitters and Plumbers. Telephone 404-3
285 and 287 State Street.

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Stops HAIR COMING OUT. Frees head from and prevents dandruff; if gray, gradually restores the hair to original natural color; elegant tonic dressing; 50c., $1.00. At Retail or Wholesale Druggists, Fancy Goods Stores, Hair Dressers, or prepaid by express on receipt of price. E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J.

LEAURELLE OIL BALM
For the Complexion, Pimples, Flesh Worms, Red Nose, Chaps, Rough Skin; prevents tendency to Wrinkles, ageing, withering or drying up of the skin. 50c., $1.00. Druggists.

ROUGH on RATS CLEARS OUT Water Bugs, Roaches,
Bed bugs, flies, ants, moths, rats, mice, sparrows, jack rabbits, squirrels, gophers. 15c.

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We have made a general
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A rare chance if in need of anything in our line.
A money saving opportunity.
The Hegel Furniture Co.,
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You won't believe it until you see it,—the number of pretty gifts that you can buy with little money, at this popular store.
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Blouse Sets.
We are now showing very pretty blouse sets in gold, silver and enamel. We will be most pleased to show them to you.
C. J. MONSON, JR., & CO.,
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WELLS & GUNDE,
Watchmakers and Jewelers.
Full Line Sterling Silver and Silver Plated Ware.
KIMBAL'S ANTI-RHEUMATIC RINGS
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GO TO G. H. GIDNEY,
A reliable dentist who has practiced Dentistry in New Haven for more than twenty-five years, and is an expert and specialist in making and fitting artificial teeth.
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North side, six doors below Orange street.
Teeth extracted without pain by the use of gas, vapor or air.

ARE YOU A TOBACCO SLAVE? DO you want to quit this practice? You ought to do it for the sake of your heart, your Nerves, your Lungs. Every chew, every smoke, hurts you. If you want to stop there will be a struggle and you will fail unless you have help. "GOOD-BY" will do it easily, thoroughly. No experiment, no fake, no injury. A sure, safe, speedy cure. Try it, it will not fail. M. Bristol & Sons, 854 Chapel street, Agents for New Haven. ap24 tf

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Work done at short notice. mh28 tf

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GLEN ISLAND
Finest Day Resort in the World.
THE STEAMER
JOHN H. STARIN.
CAPTAIN McALLISTER,
Will commence her regular trips to this beautiful island
Tuesday, July 7th,
continuing
Every Tuesday and Thursday
During the season; leaving New Haven from foot of Brown street at 8:30 a. m. sharp, and Glen Island at 4 p. m. Giving one-half hour longer on the island than previous seasons. The attractions at the island are well known, but we will mention those Superior Dinners, Glen Island Clambakes, Little Germany, Bowling, Bathing, Daily Concerts at the grand pavilion, and other attractions that go to make up a first-class summer resort.
Fare, round trip, 75c; children between ages of 5 and 12, 40c; one way, 50c. Special rates to parties of 100 or over. Music for dancing on boat. No liquors allowed on boat, which is a sufficient guarantee that ladies and children need not fear molestation.
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Free! Free! Free!
ALL THIS WEEK.
The Romantic Music of the Alps.
The Alpine Mountain Choir,
Tyrolean Singers, German Warblers, National Dancers, Instrumentalists.
In their attractive national costumes, in gay-colored dresses and blouses, they are a distinctly national feature of Austria and of Switzerland. They are instrumentalists as well as singers. They are natural musicians, not educated in conservatories, but when banded together they astonish one with their wonderful harmony. They have magnificent voices, and accompany themselves on the zither and guitar, and sing ballads with charming simplicity.
Two Exhibitions Daily, Afternoon and Evening.
ELECTRIC FOUNTAIN
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DR. GILL,
548 Chapel st., New Haven,
OFFICE HOURS, 10 to 12 a.m.; 2 to 5 and 7 to 8 p.m; week days only. The doctor makes OFFICE PRACTICE an EXCLUSIVE SPECIALTY. He has had 30 years successful experience, and thousands of both sexes can testify to his remarkable skill and great ability. He has made the Elm City his permanent home, therefore purchased a residence and other property, so that his extensive clientele all over the state can depend on finding the doctor always at home. He will continue to give particular attention to that class of ailments requiring the services of the best surgical skill and experience.
Female Complaints.
Dr. Gill can be consulted on the most delicate medical subject in the strictest confidence, and ladies, married or single, can be assured of honorable treatment and speedy relief. Barren women desiring offspring should consult the doctor. Painful or retarded menstruation promptly relieved.
Board and nurse when required. Terms moderate.
Parties writing for terms or advice must give full name and enclose stamp. Office fee $1.
Cut this out for future reference.

Mrs. Dr. Lucy C. Peckham
Announces that she will be at
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During July and August,
Except Saturday afternoon of each week and each Monday all day at her city residence,
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Paints, Oils, Etc.

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GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
EPPS'S COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER.
"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.
Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by Grocers, labelled thus:
JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

Travellers' Guide.

New York, New Haven and Hartford R. R.

June 29, 1896.

FOR NEW YORK—*4:05, *4:50, x6:00, *7:30, *8:10, 8:30, *9:35, x10:30 a.m., *12:00, 12:05, *1:30 (parlor car limited), *1:35, 1:45, *2:30, 3:00, *3:30, *3:52, *4:15, x4:30, *5:20, *5:30, 5:35, 6:30, *7:10, *8:10 (8:15 Bridgeport accom.), *9:10, 9:15 p. m. Sundays—*4:05, *4:50, 8:00 a. m., x4:30, x6:15, *7:10, *8:10, 8:15, *9:10 p. m.

FOR WASHINGTON via Harlem River—*1:05, *11:50 p. m. (daily.)

FOR BOSTON via Springfield—*1:10, x10:10, *11:05 a.m., *1:05, *1:44, *5:52 p.m. Sundays—*1:10 (night), *5:52 p. m.

FOR BOSTON via New London and Providence—*2.10, *2:20, *11:35 (parlor car limited) a. m., *12:05, *3:00, *4:20, *4:55, *6:55 p. m. Sundays—*2:10, *2:20, a. m., *4:55, *6:55 p. m.

FOR MERIDEN, HARTFORD, SPRINGFIELD, Etc.—*1:10 (night), 6:40, 8:00, x10:10, *10:50 (White Mountain Express, first stop Hartford), *11:05 a. m., 12:06, *1:05, *1:44 (first stop Hartford), 3:15, 5:00, *5:52, (6:15 to Hartford), 8:05, 10:05 p. m. Sundays—*1:10 (night), *5:52, 8:28 p. m.

NEW LONDON DIVISION—
For New London, etc.—*2:10, (night), *2:20 (night), 7:50, 9:30, 11:05, *11:35 (parlor car, limited), a. m., *12:05, *3:00, 3:05, 3:55 (to Saybrook Junction), *4:20, *4:55, 5:15 (to Saybrook Junction), 6:15, *6:55, 9:10 (Guilford acc.) p. m. Sundays—*2:10 (night), *2:20 (night), x8:50 a. m., *4:55, *6:55 p. m.

AIR LINE DIVISION—
For Middletown, Willimantic, etc.—7:45 a. m., 2:10, *2:33, 6:05 p. m. Sundays—*7:15 p. m. Connecting at Middletown with Valley Division and at Willimantic with the N. E. R. R. and N. L. N. R. R.; at Turnerville with Colchester branch.

NORTHAMPTON DIVISION—
For Shelburne Falls, Turner's Falls, Williamsburg, Holyoke, New Hartford and intermediate stations—7:45 a. m. and 4:00 p. m. For Westfield and intermediate stations, 5:55 p. m.

For Farmington, New Hartford and points this side—7:45 a. m., 12:04, 4:00, 5:55 p. m.

BERKSHIRE DIVISION.
For Derby Junction, Derby, Ansonia, etc.—7:00, 9:35 a. m., 12:00, 2:39, 4:00, 5:35, 7:50, 11:20 p. m. Sundays—8:10 a. m., 8:30 p. m.

For Waterbury—7:00, 8:00 (through train via Naugatuck Junction), 9:35 a. m., 12:00, 2:39, 5:35, 7:50 p. m. Sundays—8:10 a. m., 6:15 p. m. (via Naugatuck Junction.)

For Winsted—7:00, 9:35 a. m., 2:39, 5:35 p. m. Sundays—8:10 a. m., 6:15 (via Naugatuck Junction) p. m.

For Shelton, Botsford, Newtown, Danbury, Pittsfield, State Line—9:35 a. m., 4:00 p. m.

For Albany, Buffalo, Detroit, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Chicago and the West, via State Line—9:35 a. m., 4:00 p. m.

For Litchfield and points on S. L. & N. R. R. (via Derby Junction)—9:35 a. m., 4:00 p. m.

*Express Trains. xLocal Express.
C. T. HEMPSTEAD,
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New Haven Steamboat Co.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Steamers from New Haven leave week days Belle Dock, Old Line Pier, C. H. NORTHAM 6:30 a. m. and RICHARD PECK 12:30 midnight; Sundays 3 p. m. and 12:30 midnight.

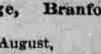
Steamers from New York leave week days Piers 25 and 26 East River, RICHARD PECK 3 p. m. and C. H. NORTHAM 12 midnight; Sunday 9:30 a. m. and 12 midnight.

Fare $1.00. Excursion tickets, good for 15 days, $1.50. Special Sunday excursion rate, $1.00.

Staterooms and tickets for sale at Peck & Bishop's, 702 Chapel street, and at Mix's drug store, corner Chapel and Church streets.

Through rates given and bills of lading issued to points West, South and Southwest. CHAS. I. FRENCH, Agent.

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Str. JOHN H. STARIN, Captain McAlister, leaves New Haven from Starin's Pier, foot of Brown street, at 10:15 p. m. Sundays, Tuesdays and Thursdays. Str. ERASTUS CORNING, Captain Spoor, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. The STARIN leaves New York from Pier 15, North River, at 9 p. m. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. The Corning, Sundays, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Fare, 75c; excursion tickets, $1.25. Staterooms, $1.00.

Tickets and staterooms for sale at E. F. Norton's, 851 Chapel street; Peck & Bishop, 702 Chapel street; Tontine Hotel, and A. Goodman & Co.

Free stage leaves the depot on arrival of Hartford train, and from corner of Church and Chapel streets every half hour, commencing at 8:30 p.m. Through freight rates given and bills of lading issued to points west, south and southwest. C. H. FISHER, Agent. Order your freight via Starin Line.

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VIA
The Illinois Central RR.
FIRST-CLASS SERVICE.
It will pay you to call on or address the undersigned, before purchasing your tickets.
C. A. FLORENCE, General Agent,
211 WASHINGTON STREET,
jal7 d&wtf BOSTON, MASS.

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NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON (London—Paris).
TWIN SCREW U. S. MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
SAILING AT 10 A. M.
PARIS, Aug. 5 | PARIS, Aug. 26
ST. LOUIS, Aug. 12 | NEW YORK, Aug. 29
ST. PAUL, Aug. 19 | ST. LOUIS, Sept. 2
RED STAR LINE.
NEW YORK TO ANTWERP.
FRIESLAND, Wednesday, Aug. 5, Noon
KENSINGTON, Wednesday, Aug. 12, Noon
WESTERNLAND, Wednesday, Aug. 19, Noon
SOUTHWARK, Wednesday, Aug. 26, Noon
International Navigation Company.
Pier 14, No. River; office 6 Bowling Green N.Y.
J. M. Hines, jr., 839 Chapel street; Peck & Bishop, 702 Chapel st.; M. Zunder & Sons, 751 State street, M. B. Newton, 86 Orange street, New Haven. jy19 FMW tf

ANCHOR LINE.
United States Mail Steamships
Sail from New York every Saturday for
GLASGOW VIA LONDONDERRY.
Rates for Saloon Passage
By S.S. CITY OF ROME, $50 and upward.
Second Cabin, $40, Steerage, $25.50.
Other Steamers, Cabin, $45 and upward.
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